Lake Lucie Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2024

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Lake Lucie Community Development District St. Lucie County, Florida

Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lake Lucie Community Development District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lake Lucie Community Development District as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including currently known information that may raise substantial doubt thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts, and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 9, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lake Lucie Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 9, 2025

Management's discussion and analysis of Lake Lucie Community Development District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment, and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including land and buildings and improvements are reported in the **statement of net position**. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as long-term debt, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2024.

- ♦ The District's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$1,951,152 (net position). Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$(145,287). Net investment in capital assets was \$2,096,439.
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$211,476 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$367,990.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	
Current assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 23,317 2,096,439 2,119,756	\$ 20,831 2,089,439 2,110,270	
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total Liabilities	2,291 166,313 168,604	2,604	
Net position - net investment in capital assets Net position - unrestricted Total Net Position	2,096,439 (145,287) \$ 1,951,152	2,089,439 18,227 \$ 2,107,666	

The increase in capital assets and net investment in capital assets was due to capital additions in excess of depreciation in the current year.

The increase in non-current liabilities is related to the draws made on the District's line of credit in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Financial Analysis of the District</u> (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2024			2023
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	207,420	\$	136,143
General Revenues				
Miscellaneous revenues		33		7
Investment income		4,023		299
Total Revenues		211,476		136,449
Expenses:				
General government		82,973		25,409
Physical environment		283,460		101,682
Interest and other charges		1,557		43
Total Expenses		367,990		127,134
Change in Net Position		(156,514)		9,315
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,107,666		2,098,351
Net Position - End of Year	\$	1,951,152	\$	2,107,666

The increase in charges for services is related to the increase in special assessments levied in the current year.

The increase in general government is primarily related to the increase in management fees in the current year.

The increase in physical environment is related to the increase in pool improvement expenses in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets activity as of September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023:

	Governmental Activities		
Description	2024	2023	
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,051,232	\$ 2,051,232	
Buildings and improvements	90,019	80,019	
Accumulated depreciation	(44,812)	(41,812)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,096,439	\$ 2,089,439	

The activity for the year consisted of depreciation of \$3,000 and \$10,000 of additions to buildings and improvements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget exceeded actual expenditures primarily due to less general electricity and general repairs and maintenance expenditures than anticipated.

The September 30, 2024 budget was amended to increase expenditures related to repairs and maintenance, management consulting services, and pool improvement expenditures which were higher than originally anticipated.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Lake Lucie Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2025.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Lake Lucie Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Lake Lucie Community Development District, 3820 Colonial Boulevard, Suite 101, Fort Myers, Florida 33966.

Lake Lucie Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 23,317
Non-current Assets	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	
Land and land improvements	2,051,232
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	
Buildings and improvements	90,019
Less: accumulated depreciation	(44,812)
Total Non-current Assets	2,096,439
Total Assets	2,119,756
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,291
Non-current Liabilities	
Line of credit payable	166,313
Total Liabilities	168,604
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,096,439
Unrestricted	(145,287)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,951,152

Lake Lucie Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

						(Expense) venues and
			F	Program	C	hanges in
				evenues		et Position
			Cł	narges for	Go	vernmental
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	9	Services	A	Activities
Governmental Activities						_
General government	\$	(82,973)	\$	47,355	\$	(35,618)
Physical environment		(283,460)		160,065		(123,395)
Interest and other charges		(1,557)		-		(1,557)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(367,990)	\$	207,420		(160,570)
	Gen	eral Revenue	s			
	М	iscellaneous re	evenue	es		33
	In	vestment incor	me			4,023
		Total Gener	al Rev	renues		4,056
	Cha	nge in Net Pos	sition			(156,514)
	Net	Position - Octo	ober 1,	2023		2,107,666
	Net	Position - Sep	tembe	r 30, 2024	\$	1,951,152

Lake Lucie Community Development District BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2024

	_	General Fund	
ASSETS Cash	\$	23,317	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$_	2,291	
FUND BALANCES Unassigned		21,026	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	23,317	

Lake Lucie Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2024

\$ 21,026

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets, land and land improvements, \$2,051,232, and buildings and improvements, \$90,019, net of accumulated depreciation, \$(44,812), used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.

2,096,439

Long-term liabilities, line of credit payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.

(166,313)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,951,152

Lake Lucie Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2024

	General Fund
Revenues	
Special assessments	\$ 207,420
Investment income	4,023
Miscellaneous revenues	33
Total Revenues	211,476
Expenditures Current	
General government	82,973
Physical environment	280,460
Capital outlay	10,000
Debt service	
Interest	1,557
Total Expenditures	374,990
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	(163,514)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	
Issuance of long-term debt	(166,313)
Net change in fund balances	2,799
Fund Balances - October 1, 2023	18,227
Fund Balances - September 30, 2024	\$ 21,026

Lake Lucie Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,799
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount that depreciation, \$(3,000),	7,000
was exceeded by capital outlay, \$10,000, in the current period.	7,000
The issuance of long-term debt is recognized as an other financing source at the	
fund level, but increases long-term liabilities at the government-wide level.	 (166,313)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (156,514)

Lake Lucie Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 219,400	\$ 219,400	\$ 207,420	\$ (11,980)
Investment income	-	-	4,023	4,023
Miscellaneous revenues			33	33
Total Revenues	219,400	219,400	211,476	(7,924)
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	28,350	65,350	82,973	(17,623)
Physical environment	190,950	313,950	280,460	33,490
Capital outlay	-	-	10,000	(10,000)
Debt service				
Interest	100	100	1,557	(1,457)
Total Expenditures	219,400	379,400	374,990	4,410
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	-	(160,000)	(163,514)	(3,514)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Issuance of long-term debt		(160,000)	(166,313)	(6,313)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	2,799	2,799
Fund Balances - October 1, 2023			18,227	18,227
Fund Balances - September 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,026	\$ 21,026

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on March 21, 1989, pursuant to St. Lucie County, Florida Ordinance 89-32 and Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing or re-constructing, enlarging or extending, equipping, operating and maintaining water management, bridges or culverts, district roads, landscaping, street lights and other basic infrastructure projects within or without the boundaries of the Lake Lucie Community Development District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected for four-year terms. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Lake Lucie Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments. Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

Governmental Funds

The District classifies fund balance in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as capital assets, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as long-term debt, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

a. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net positions of the District will be classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements and buildings and improvements, are reported in governmental activities.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)
 - c. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements

30-40 years

d. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after a public hearing for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. Formal budgets are adopted for the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$21,026, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$1,951,152, reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures at the fund level. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land and improvements	\$ 2,051,232
Building and improvements	90,019
Accumulated depreciation	 (44,812)
Total	\$ 2,096,439

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2024 were:

Line of credit payable

\$ (166,313)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$2,799, differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$(156,514), reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures at the governmental fund level. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$ (3,000)
Capital outlay	 10,000
Total	\$ 7,000

Long-term debt transactions

Issuance of long-term debt is recognized as an other financing source at the fund level; however, this amount increases long-term liabilities at the government-wide level.

Issuance of long-term debt

(166,313)

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2024, the District's bank balance was \$28,958 and the carrying value was \$23,317. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Investments

The District did not have investments during the year ended September 30, 2024.

Interest Rate Risk

The District monitors investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments are limited by state statutory requirements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2024 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary. In addition, the District has the ability to hold investments until its maturity date if the fair value is less than cost.

NOTE D - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Special assessment revenues recognized for the 2023-2024 fiscal year were levied in October 2023. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon thereafter, as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Per Section 197.162, Florida Statutes, discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to, June 1.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2023 Additions		Deletions		Balance September 30, 2024		
Governmental Activities:				-			
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,051,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,051,232
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements	80,019		10,000		-		90,019
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvemnets	(41,812)		(3,000)				(44,812)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	38,207		7,000				45,207
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 2,089,439	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	2,096,439

Depreciation of \$3,000 was charged to physical environment.

NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. These risks are covered by commercial insurance from independent third parties. There were no claims or settled claims from these risks for each of the past three years.

NOTE G - LINE OF CREDIT

In February 2024, the District entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with a financial institution, allowing for borrowings up to \$200,000. The line of credit has a fixed interest rate of 6.8%, with interest payments due semiannually, and matures on February 15, 2029. This line of credit is classified as a direct borrowing. The agreement includes certain covenants, one of which requires the District to maintain a deposit account with the lending institution. Collateral pledged under the agreement includes non-ad valorem special assessments on all assessable units within the District, including amounts received from foreclosure proceedings or the issuance and sale of tax certificates related to such assessments. The agreement does not contain any subjective acceleration clauses or significant termination provisions. As of September 30, 2024, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$166,313, leaving an unused portion of \$33,687.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Lake Lucie Community Development District St. Lucie County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of Lake Lucie Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lake Lucie Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Lucie Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Lucie Community Development District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Lucie Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Please note certain findings in the management letter on pages 27-31.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 9, 2025



Certified Public Accountants PL

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Lake Lucie Community Development District St. Lucie County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Lake Lucie Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 9, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been made to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The following findings or recommendations were made in the preceding financial audit report.

2020-02

Finding: The District's budgets were not posted to the District website. Florida Statute 189.016(4) requires that the final adopted budget be posted within 30 days after adoption and remain on the website for at least 2 years.



Response: Management will post the budget to the website in the future.

Current Status: The finding was corrected in the current year.

2023-01

Finding: Supporting documentation for certain credit card expenditures were not provided; therefore, we were unable to verify that the expenditures were appropriate.

Response: The District hired a management company in October 2023, and new procedures for credit card purchases were established.

Current Status: The finding was corrected in the current year.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Lake Lucie Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Lake Lucie Community Development District has not met one of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2024 for the Lake Lucie Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Lake Lucie Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.



Specific Information

The information below was provided by management and has not been audited by us; therefore, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, Lake Lucie Community Development District reported:

- 1) The total number of District employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year: 0
- 2) The total number of independent contractors, defined as individuals or entities that receive 1099s, to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the District's fiscal year: 0
- 3) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$4,800
- 4) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$180,172
- 5) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the District that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1, 2023, together with the total expenditures for such project: Pool Improvements \$126,720
- 6) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the District amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes: The Board amended the budget, see below.



	Original Budget		Actual		Variance with Original Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		0.40, 400	•	007.400	•	(44.000)	
Special assessments	\$	219,400	\$	207,420	\$	(11,980)	
Investment income		-		4,023		4,023	
Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues		210,400		33		(7.024)	
rotal Revenues		219,400	-	211,476		(7,924)	
Expenditures Current							
General government		28,350		82,973		(54,623)	
Physical environment		190,950		280,460		(89,510)	
Capital outlay		-		10,000		(10,000)	
Debt service							
Interest		100		1,557		(1,457)	
Total Expenditures		219,400		374,990		(155,590)	
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenditures		· -		(163,514)		(163,514)	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Issuance of long-term debt		-		166,313		166,313	
Net changes in fund balance		-		2,799		2,799	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2023				18,227		18,227	
Fund Balances - September 30, 2024	\$	· <u>-</u>	\$	21,026	\$	21,026	



As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)9, Rules of the Auditor General, the Lake Lucie Community Development District reported:

- 1) The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District: \$58 \$1,307 for the General Fund.
- 2) The amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District: Total special assessments collected was \$207,420.
- 3) The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the District and the terms of such bonds are: N/A.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

September 9, 2025